

Saloons, Hotels, Etc.

ALHAMBRA HALL.

Frank Richards

HAVING LEASED THE PREMISES known as Alhambra Hall, corner of Yates and Government street, will keep only the

Best Ales, Wines, Liquors & Cigars

And solicits the patronage of the Victoria public and the

Boys from Cambog and Omicron

Alhambra Hall is the Largest and Finest on the North Pacific,

And has been fitted up with especial reference to the accommodation of Theatrical and Musical Performances, Parties and Balls, and may be secured on reasonable terms.

ELEGANT DRESSING ROOMS

Are provided for lady and gentlemen guests, who will find there every convenience

RICHARDS & NICHOLL.

ADELPHI SALOON.

LUNCH DAILY,

From 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

ICE

FOR SALE,

At 5 cents per lb.

ly

JAMES BURNS & CO.,

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Yates Street,

Opposite Waddington Alley.

PACIFIC TELEGRAPH HOTEL,

STORE STREET,

Between Herald and Fisgard,

VICTORIA, B. C.

Andrew Astico - Proprietor.

THE MOST CONVENIENT AND CLEAN

Hotel in Victoria. It is conducted on the European principle. The Table is supplied with the very best the market affords.

MEALS AT ALL hours of the day. Private Dining Room.

CH HGE - Board and Lodging per week.

\$5 50 to \$6 50; Board and Lodging per day. \$1; Single Meals, 37 cents; Beds, 50 cents.

TERMS - Cash in advance.

A Fire-proof Safe in the House.

ly

MAPLE BAY

HOTEL,

WM. BEAUMONT, Proprietor.

THIS HOTEL SITUATED ON THE BAY WHICH

is its name, has been recently enlarged and improved and is now fitted for the accommodation of visitors.

Easy of access, the Hotel can steamship at the wharf, and is well supplied with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel.

To invalids or parties in pursuit of health or amusements it offers attractions not to be

missed.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

GOVERNMENT STREET,

VICTORIA, V. I.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT IS NOW OPEN

for the reception of Guests, and is recommended to the travelling public as

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

The rooms have all been refurnished, and

particular attention is paid cleanliness and comfort.

Accommodations will be let by the Day, Week

or Month, at a Great Reduction from former rates, and Travellers are requested to inspect the Hotel before seeking accommodation elsewhere.

J. FRIED,

Proprietor.

COACH AND HORSES

ESQUIMALT ROAD.

WINES, SPIRITS, ALE, POR-

TER, CIGARS, &c.

J. DORAN.

THE

"IDENTICAL SALOON,"

corner of Johnson Wharf Sts.,

VICTORIA, B. C.

P. J. WELCH,

Proprietor.

The DAILY STANDARD, printed and published daily by A. DeCosmos, at his office, next door to Bank of British Columbia, Government street.

THE VICTORIA DAILY STANDARD.

VOLUME 1.

VICTORIA, V. I., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1870.

NUMBER 3.

THE DAILY STANDARD

A. DECOSMOS,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS.

WEEKLY STANDARD,
PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING.

To Our Readers.
Any neglect on the part of our Carriers to deliver the STANDARD at the proper time and place will be promptly remedied on application at the Publication Office, next door to the Bank of British Columbia, Government Street.

The Daily Standard.
Wednesday, June 22, 1870.

Manitoba Financial Terms.

From a summary in the Toronto *Globe* of the provisions of the Act for the organization of the province of Red River—or legally speaking, Manitoba, we learn that the new province will be entitled: 1. To interest on \$472,000@5 per cent, that is \$23,600 per annum; 2. \$300,000 on 17,000 people, that is \$18,600; 3. To a Financial Subsidy of \$30,000 per annum. These three subsidies amount to \$67,200 per annum. Besides the permanent subsidies, the 80 cents per head subsidy will increase annually until the increase of population reaches 400,000. The Manitobans, however, like the Maritime Provinces are to have a temporary subsidy in the shape of a continuance of the present low tariff of Red River for three years. This tariff is now levied, we believe, at about 5 per cent ad valorem. A temporary subsidy of such a character is quite amusing. It has a most ridiculous appearance in our eyes—very much like the army of arithmetical swallows that fly in the sky.

JAPAN.—The Weekly *Dispatch* says, Japan has made its first appearance on the English Stock Exchange. The mysterious kingdom wants railroads and will be mysterious no longer. The Islands are to be intersected with lines of rails. The Japanese are a clever people, but have a strange fancy for making everything they possibly can of paper. They try to make paper-maché locomotives, very likely they will not stand English stoking. Perhaps they will have a paper currency some day. If they are sufficiently civilized, and their daily increasing communication with the United States is probably tending towards that achievement. As a beginning they are asking Western capitalists for a loan of one million sterling, and it is offered by the contractors at a high price and on good security. Japan will be exclusive no more when Japanese stock is quoted in the share lists.

PRINTERS' TOAST.—At a late printers' festival, England, the following toast was given: The printer—the master of all trades. He rules the farmer with the hoe, the carpenter with his rules, and the mason in setting up tall columns; he surpasses the lawyer and doctor in attending to his cases, and beats the par on the management of the devil.

FOR San Francisco Direct.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY'S Steamship PELICAN,
H. M. GREGORY, Commander
Will leave Brodrick & Co's wharf for San Francisco direct, at 10 o'clock, Friday morning.

For Freight or passage apply to R. BRODRICK, Agent.

TENDERS WANTED.

ON ACCOUNT OF A NEW ADDITION to the new Hospital the Committee have decided to call for New Tenders for the erection of the same, which will be received at the office of the undersigned until the 20th instant, at 12 m. A. M. Plans and Specifications to be seen at my office from 10 to 12 m. daily, except Saturday.

John Riel, et al., Chair Engineers; John Vogel, Assistant Engineers; John Dickson, President Victoria Fire Department; Tom Burns, Foreman Tiger Company; Edward Dickinson, Foreman Union Hook and Ladder Company; Tom Gedger, Foreman Deluge Engine Company.

Refreshments will be had on the grounds.

Ladies and Children free.

July 22, 1870.

Notice.

CONSIGNMENT OF GOODS SAVED FROM the steamer "Active", and brought on to Victoria by the steamer "Crown" are requested to call at the office of the under-signers to receive Average Bond, pay freight, and receive delivery orders.

John Riel, et al., Chair Engineers; John Vogel, Assistant Engineers; John Dickson, President Victoria Fire Department; Tom Burns, Foreman Tiger Company; Edward Dickinson, Foreman Union Hook and Ladder Company; Tom Gedger, Foreman Deluge Engine Company.

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July 22, 1870.

PARTNERSHIP.

A BUSINESS MAN WITH A GOOD LOCAL CONNECTION is desirous of meeting with a partner in a profitable business.

John Riel, et al., Chair Engineers; John Vogel, Assistant Engineers; John Dickson, President Victoria Fire Department; Tom Burns, Foreman Tiger Company; Edward Dickinson, Foreman Union Hook and Ladder Company; Tom Gedger, Foreman Deluge Engine Company.

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Ladies and Children free.

July 22, 1870.

ROOMS TO LET.

THREE NICE WELL-FURNISHED ROOMS SUITABLE for single gentlemen may be had on reasonable terms, at my house, second door from Government on Douglas street, 22 m.

Mrs. MAHONEY.

July 22, 1870.

PROMIS AND SAUNDERS,

Johnson Street, Victoria, Importers & Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Grain and Feed Wines, Liquors, &c.

Constantly on hand the Best and Choicest Selection of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

The very best Boudoirs, Cabinet Wines on draught at the usual price of \$1 per gallon, or \$3 per doz in case.

A GOOD DELIVERED Free of Carriage to any part of the Town or suburbs.

Edward Stephens,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,

Victoria V. I. July 22, 1870.

SOLOMON, Brothers

CLOTHIERS, Government Street.

July 22, 1870.

R. Brodrick & Co.

UNION AND CITY WHARVES.

July 22, 1870.

COAL, WOOD, PRODUCE, AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Vessels' cargoes discharged with accuracy and dispatch.

Stores, stored at moderate rates, and a general commission and forwarding business transacted.

Agency of the North Pacific Transportation Co. of San Francisco, California.

July 22, 1870.

FOR the East Coast & Burrard Inlet.

THE STEAMER

"HIMMA"

Capt. Ettershank.

WILL LEAVE FOR NANAIMO AND VICTORIA, AND BURRARD INLET, ON TUESDAY, MARCH 1, 1870.

Agents

EUREKA BROOM FACTORY.

JUST RECEIVED

EX SCR. DREADNAUGHT,

75 DOZ. NUMBERS. 1, 2, 3,

Which are offered at Agents rates.

J. P. DAVIES & Co., Auctioneers.

W. G. BOWMAN,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES,

YATES STREET,

BETWEEN GOVERNMENT AND BROAD STREETS.

Horses, Wagons, Carriages,

ON HIRE.

Horses taken on Livery by the week or month, on the most favorable terms, and careful attention guaranteed.

July 22, 1870.

Mitchell & Johnston,

SEED AND NURSERYMEN, LANDSCAPE

GARDENERS, &c., &c., Occidental Building, Fort Street.

Opposite London House, Government Street,

Victoria, V. I.

July 22, 1870.

A. B. Gray

IMPORTER OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF

DRY GOODS.

GOVERNMENT ST.

Corner of Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

The Third Grand

ANNUAL PICNIC

OF THE

VICTORIA FIRE DEPARTMENT.

THE Third Annual Picnic of the Victoria Fire Department will be held on

Saturday, July 16th, 1870,

ON THE GROUNDS OF

MEDINA'S GROVE,

[Rear of the Government Building, James Bay.]

A Fine Communal Platform for dancing, Games, Various Sports, &c. will be prepared for the amusement of the Visitors.

TICKETS - - - - - \$1.00

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

John Riel, et al., Chair Engineers; John Vogel, Assistant Engineers; John Dickson, President Victoria Fire Department; Tom Burns, Foreman Tiger Company; Edward Dickinson, Foreman Union Hook and Ladder Company; Tom Gedger, Foreman Deluge Engine Company.

Refreshments will be had on the grounds.

Ladies and Children free.

July 22, 1870.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE

PAID FOR

Furs,

Hides,

Wool,

Sheepskins and

Calfskins,

BY

L. & J. BOSCOWITZ,

YATES STREET.

N. SHAKESPEARE'S

PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO

GOVERNMENT STREET.

Next to the Theatre, Victoria, V. I.

JOHN WEILER,

UPHOLSTERER AND PAPERHANGER,

Bee-Hive Corner,

FORT STREET,

Victoria, V. I.

THE EMPEROR

makers in the

there is no

learn, than the

Marquis, near a

Hotel, Restaurants and

Notice—**TO ESTIMATE TO THE PUBLIC**

OF VICTORIA that I have opened the Albion Saloon on Johnson street, opposite Store street. Where gentlemen can be accommodated in the latest and most approved style.

Particular attention paid to cutting children's hair.

CHARGES,

Shaving - - - - - 18 1/2 Cents

Hair Cutting - - - - - 25 " "

Shampooing - - - - - 25 "

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Miscellaneous Advertisements.

ALL THOSE WISHING

—THE—

BEST TEAS,
COFFEE'S,
—AND—

GENERAL GROCERIES,

Go to WILLSON & RICKMAN,
1st Corner Douglas and Fort sts.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE

PAID FOR

Furs,
Hides,
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Calfskins,BY L. & J. BOSCOWITZ,
YATES STREET.N. SHAKESPEARE'S
PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO,
GOVERNMENT STREET,
Next to the Theatre, Victoria, V. I.JOHN WEILER,
UPHOLSTERER AND PAPERHANGER,
Bee-Hive Corner,
FORT STREET.

VICTORIA, V. I.

HAS ALWAYS ON HAND OILCLOTH,
Carpet, Window Blinds and Curtains,
Cortinas, Brass and Hogback Poles.WALL-PIER Mattresses of all kinds,
Lounges, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Pictures,
and a general assortment of Uphol-
stery Goods.ALSO—Wall Paper Hung, Mattresses and
Lounges Repaired and made to order. Car-
pets sewed and laid, and all kinds of Uphol-
stery work done at reasonable rates.

JOHN WEILER.

T. CARRINGTON,
FORT STREET,
NEW AND SECOND-HAND

Furniture Dealer.

CARPETS, Bedding, Tin Ware, Cutlery, Crock-
ery and Glass Ware on hand.
Linen and Drapery. All kinds of bedding
made to order.

FOR SALE.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE PROPRIETOR
leaving the Colony, theVICTORIA
Sash, Door and Moulding
Factory,

CORMORANT STREET.

Consisting of an 8-horse power High Pres-
sure Horizontal Steam Engine, with Boiler
of 12-horse capacity;
Moulding and Planing Machines, Circular
Moulding Machine; Circular Saw-Bench and
Saws;A large Two-story Building, 40 x 60, with
small Dwelling House attached.The above will be sold with or without the
Stock, which consists ofA large quantity of well-seasoned Doors,
Shutters, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Chairs, and
now sailing off at reduced prices, etc.;

20,000 feet of Glass for sale, very cheap.

For particulars, apply at the Factory to
WM. JONES?

WM. JONES?

THOS. WILSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

English Merchandise,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS IN DRY GOOD, &c.

MASONIC HALL,

GOVERNMENT STREET,

VICTORIA, V. I.

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

Horses, Carriages & Buggies

HORSES KEPT AT

\$15 PER MONTH.

ON LIVERY.

150 CORDS DRY

WOOD,

FOR SALE.

J. W. WILLIAMS,

Livery and Sale Stable,

Corner Johnson and Government Streets.

1st

The Daily Standard.

Wednesday, June 22, 1870.

We publish to-day the remainder of the speech of Mr. DeCosmos in Committee on the financial terms of Confederation. The concluding portion of his speech embraces the financial terms which he considered the colony ought to make with Canada.

How. Mr. DeCosmos said:

Helmecken's Reply.

The Hon. Mr. HELMECKEN, Member for Victoria City, said:—The Honourable gentleman says in fact, we should go to Canada and say we want \$250,000. I say we don't want to be Confederated. Canada says Confederation. We don't ask Canada, Canada asks us to be Confederated. I say that what we ought to have is \$250,000 from Canada at least. The Hon. Member who has just spoken, attempts to show that Canadian manufactures will come in free. Twenty years hence Canadian manufactures may come in, but I will not go into that question; why should Canada complain of her goods coming in? what she gains will be more than the losses. She desires a larger market for her manufactures, and she must pay us for that; she cannot complain that she is losing by supplying us with her manufactured goods. The Hon. Member for Victoria District (Mr. DeCosmos) says that equalization of labor, and of value of property in productions, will come about. I think that will not be for some years to come; if there is equalization of labor, there will also be equalization of taxation and offices. The Local Government can look after this when it happens. I do not suppose that Canada will be disposed to look at our terms critically; they are getting this Colony far too cheap. I think \$250,000 is too cheap. The Hon. gentleman (Mr. DeCosmos) says that we should go to Canada and ask \$30,000 per annum, because another Province has the same, and that this Colony, which is larger in extent of territory than the largest of the Provinces, should have \$30,000. But the Hon. gentleman must have estimated it on a fictitious estimate of population. The Executive Council must have estimated it on the area and extent of the Colony. I believe that our representation would accord with the recommendation of the Hon. Member for Victoria District. I do not think that Canada is advancing in the direction of free trade. I advance the opinion that, in my opinion, to be sure, there is no doubt that Confederation will open the door for Canadian goods to be brought in. I have no hesitation in voting for a larger subsidy, because I believe that, in a few years, from the increase in our revenue, Canada will have very little to pay, and in the Government Resolutions there is no suggestion for any refund from Canada. If the Customs Duties should amount to a very large sum, I shall, therefore, vote for the Resolutions, but I shall support the recommendation of the Hon. Member for Victoria District, because I consider that it is grounded on common sense.

dissatisfaction here as there was felt in Nova Scotia.

I will now, Sir, as I promised, move the following as a recommendation to His Excellency, and in substitution of Resolutions 2 and 3:—

1. That the Council recommend to His Excellency the Governor, the following Resolution for his consideration: The population of British Columbia shall be estimated at 40,000. 2. The following sums shall be paid semi-annually by Canada to British Columbia for the support of the Local Government, in the following manner: 1st, \$10,000, a sum to be paid half-yearly in advance, the population of British Columbia being estimated at 40,000. Such sum of 20 cents per head, to be augmented till the population shall be shown to be One Million, at which number it shall thereafter remain. Canada shall also pay to British Columbia, in semi-annual advances, the sum of \$150,000 per annum, which shall from time to time be reduced in proportion as the population may exceed 40,000.

Would Support a Part.

Hon. Member for New Westminster—I object to the basis of population being changed, otherwise I would support some part of the recommendation.

Aston Endorses Amendment.

The Hon. Mr. ALSTON (Registrar General) said:—This being a Government measure, she supports the Resolutions, but I shall at the same time be ready to give my support and support to any reasonable recommendations that are proposed. It strikes me that the Resolution of the Hon. Member for Victoria District (Mr. DeCosmos) is based on proper grounds. It is a mistake to say that the allowance for representation is based on a fictitious estimate of population. The Executive Council must have estimated it on the area and extent of the Colony. I believe that our representation would accord with the recommendation of the Hon. Member for Victoria District. I do not think that Canada is advancing in the direction of free trade. I advance the opinion that, in my opinion, to be sure, there is no doubt that Confederation will open the door for Canadian goods to be brought in. I have no hesitation in voting for a larger subsidy, because I believe that, in a few years, from the increase in our revenue, Canada will have very little to pay, and in the Government Resolutions there is no suggestion for any refund from Canada. If the Customs Duties should amount to a very large sum, I shall, therefore, vote for the Resolutions, but I shall support the recommendation of the Hon. Member for Victoria District, because I consider that it is grounded on common sense.

Mr. DeCosmos said:—With regard to the basis of population for the purpose of representation, I think 40,000 is too small, it ought to have been 1,000,000, not indefinite. 120,000 gives as the right to have eight members to represent us; this is a matter of expediency. There is a fault in the resolution to which I will draw attention, it is this, that we do not get any increase of Revenue to the Colony until we get a population of over 120,000 persons. We have to calculate what our Revenue will be now under Confederation, and we cannot look for any increase for years to come. Which ever way we look at it, the figures come back to the same thing, we want \$250,000, and there are two ways in which we can get it; in point of fact we ask Canada to lend us that sum of money.

\$25,000 more than Government Scheme.

How. Mr. DeCosmos—My proposition would give \$25,000 more than the Government scheme, and set free Internal Revenue for local or Municipal purposes.

How. Mr. HELMECKEN—The Hon. Member wants \$150,000 now, and as the population increases the sum is to decrease.

How. Mr. DeCosmos—We should always have \$150,000, with our present or a greater population.

How. Mr. HELMECKEN—The long and the short of the story is, that the two propositions amount to much the same thing. We go to Canada and say we want \$250,000. According to this scheme, Canada will only be asked to pay \$25,000, and say that Canada's expenses will diminish in two ways, first, by \$20,000, so that Canada will only be paying \$20,000 a year. This is a very low rate of payment, far too low in my opinion. I say, Sir, that if one thousand miners go to Peace River this year, our revenue will be increased by \$100,000, and if Peace River succeeds, "pans out well" as the saying is, I am quite certain that \$250,000 a year will not purchase this Colony. If Peace River is a failure, Canada may get it.

The Hon. Mr. HUMPHREY, Member for Lillooet, said: Sir, I rise to support the amendment of Mr. DeCosmos. (Mr. DeCosmos) in my opinion, Sir, the amendment is bold, and sisterlike scheme proposed by the Hon. Member for Victoria District (Mr. DeCosmos) has entirely demolished that of the Government. * * * I think that the proposition laid down by the Hon. Member for Victoria District, (Mr. DeCosmos) is worthy of the serious attention and consideration of this House. I should like, Sir, to see a scheme carefully laid down, which would involve no subsequent reflections and troubles, such as we have seen in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick; it is better to go through all the squabbling and discussion that we have to do in this House now, than leave it to us to involve us in serious trouble hereafter.

How. Mr. MAYNARD—The Hon. Member says that the scheme proposed by the Hon. Member for Victoria District has quite demolished that of the Government. I should be glad to hear the Hon. Member for Lillooet point out the distinguishing differences between the two schemes.

How. Mr. HUMPHREY—The difference is apparent. I think that I have said enough to show this Council the advantages of the scheme proposed by my Hon. friend; if Hon. Members cannot see differences which are so plain, it is not for me to supply them with hints.

DeCosmos' Reply and Resolution.

How. Mr. DeCosmos—Mr. Chairman, the credit of the Government proposition, now before us has been given to the Hon. Member for Victoria (Mr. Helmecken). Now, Sir, I am perfectly content that he should enjoy the credit, and the whole credit. In speaking briefly he has quoted a word used by myself "expediency." Now, I again say the whole thing is a matter of expediency. I have not heard anything, however, either from that Hon. gentleman or others who followed me, to disturb the solid foundation of my scheme, resting as it does on truth and fact, and a plain outspoken statement of our monetary requirements, which I have always said that the formation of Confederation was one of a temporary character—tho' had a money value, and I maintain, as I have always done, without shadow of turning, that we ought to have a surplus revenue of about \$200,000 on entering the Dominion. I have always said that we must have that surplus, or its equivalent with Confederation. That is the point round which I have been revolving. I have made no stride in advance, none to the rear, the Hon. gentleman opposite to the contrary. I have ever kept before the public the same idea, that when the terms of union were negotiated, they must bring that sum in a surplus revenue into our Treasury. It was a sum of money that the public could understand and appreciate. It is the sum that I asked for first; it is the sum that I ask now, and it is the sum that I propose now in amendment to the Resolution of the Government. The real surplus is in the Government scheme is so far below what it ought to be that it will be repudiated as an absolute failure, if ever it comes before the people for ratification. They will reject it. It will create just as much

discontent as there was felt in Nova Scotia.

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DeCosmos' Reply and Resolution.

How. Mr. DeCosmos—Mr. Chairman, the credit of the Government proposition, now before us has been given to the Hon. Member for Victoria (Mr. Helmecken). Now, Sir, I am perfectly content that he should enjoy the credit, and the whole credit. In speaking briefly he has quoted a word used by myself "expediency." Now, I again say the whole thing is a matter of expediency. I have not heard anything, however, either from that Hon. gentleman or others who followed me, to disturb the solid foundation of my scheme, resting as it does on truth and fact, and a plain outspoken statement of our monetary requirements, which I have always said that the formation of Confederation was one of a temporary character—tho' had a money value, and I maintain, as I have always done, without shadow of turning, that we ought to have a surplus revenue of about \$200,000 on entering the Dominion. I have always said that we must have that surplus, or its equivalent with Confederation. That is the point round which I have been revolving. I have made no stride in advance, none to the rear, the Hon. gentleman opposite to the contrary. I have ever kept before the public the same idea, that when the terms of union were negotiated, they must bring that sum in a surplus revenue into our Treasury. It was a sum of money that the public could understand and appreciate. It is the sum that I asked for first; it is the sum that I ask now, and it is the sum that I propose now in amendment to the Resolution of the Government. The real surplus is in the Government scheme is so far below what it ought to be that it will be repudiated as an absolute failure, if ever it comes before the people for ratification. They will reject it. It will create just as much

discontent as there was felt in Nova Scotia.

I will now, Sir, as I promised, move the following as a recommendation to His Excellency, and in substitution of Resolutions 2 and 3:—

1. That the Council recommend to His Excellency the Governor, the following Resolution for his consideration: The population of British Columbia shall be estimated at 40,000. 2. The following sums shall be paid semi-annually by Canada to British Columbia for the support of the Local Government, in the following manner: 1st, \$10,000, a sum to be paid half-yearly in advance, the population of British Columbia being estimated at 40,000. Such sum of 20 cents per head, to be augmented till the population shall be shown to be One Million, at which number it shall thereafter remain. Canada shall also pay to British Columbia, in semi-annual advances, the sum of \$150,000 per annum, which shall from time to time be reduced in proportion as the population may exceed 40,000.

Would Support a Part.

Hon. Member for New Westminster—I object to the basis of population being changed, otherwise I would support some part of the recommendation.

Aston Endorses Amendment.

The Hon. Mr. ALSTON (Registrar General) said:—This being a Government measure, she supports the Resolutions, but I shall at the same time be ready to give my support and support to any reasonable recommendations that are proposed. It strikes me that the Resolution of the Hon. Member for Victoria District (Mr. DeCosmos) is based on proper grounds. It is a mistake to say that the allowance for representation is based on a fictitious estimate of population. The Executive Council must have estimated it on the area and extent of the Colony. I believe that our representation would accord with the recommendation of the Hon. Member for Victoria District. I do not think that Canada is advancing in the direction of free trade. I advance the opinion that, in my opinion, to be sure, there is no doubt that Confederation will open the door for Canadian goods to be brought in. I have no hesitation in voting for a larger subsidy, because I believe that, in a few years, from the increase in our revenue, Canada will have very little to pay, and in the Government Resolutions there is no suggestion for any refund from Canada. If the Customs Duties should amount to a very large sum, I shall, therefore, vote for the Resolutions, but I shall support the recommendation of the Hon. Member for Victoria District, because I consider that it is grounded on common sense.

Mr. DeCosmos said:—With regard to the basis of population for the purpose of representation, I think 40,000 is too small, it ought to have been 1,000,000, not indefinite. 120,000 gives as the right to have eight members to represent us; this is a matter of expediency. There is a fault in the resolution to which I will draw attention, it is this, that we do not get any increase of Revenue to the Colony until we get a population of over 120,000 persons. We have to calculate what our Revenue will be now under Confederation, and we cannot look for any increase for years to come. Which ever way we look at it, the figures come back to the same thing, we want \$250,000, and there are two ways in which we can get it; in point of fact we ask Canada to lend us that sum of money.

\$25,000 more than Government Scheme.

How. Mr. DeCosmos—My proposition would give \$25,000 more than the Government scheme, and set free Internal Revenue for local or Municipal purposes.

How. Mr. HELMECKEN—The Hon. Member wants \$150,000 now, and as the population increases the sum is to decrease.

How. Mr. DeCosmos—We should always have \$150,000, with our present or a greater population.

How. Mr. HELMECKEN—The long and the short of the story is, that the two propositions amount to much the same thing. We go to Canada and say we want \$250,000. According to this scheme, Canada will only be asked to pay \$25,000, and say that Canada's expenses will diminish in two ways, first, by \$20,000, so that Canada will only be paying \$20,000 a year. This is a very low rate of payment, far too low in my opinion. I say, Sir, that if one thousand miners go to Peace River this year, our revenue will be increased by \$100,000, and if Peace River succeeds, "pans out well" as the saying is, I am quite certain that \$250,000 a year will not purchase this Colony. If Peace River is a failure, Canada may get it.

The Hon. Mr. HUMPHREY, Member for Lillooet, said: Sir, I rise to support the amendment of Mr. DeCosmos. (Mr. DeCosmos) in my opinion, Sir, the amendment is bold, and sisterlike scheme proposed by the Hon. Member for Victoria District (Mr. DeCosmos) has entirely demolished that of the Government. * * * I think that the proposition laid down by the Hon. Member for Victoria District, (Mr. DeCosmos) is worthy of the serious attention and consideration of this House. I should like, Sir, to see a scheme carefully laid down, which would involve no subsequent reflections and troubles, such as we have seen in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick; it is better to go through all the squabbling and discussion that we have to do in this House now, than leave it to us to involve us in serious trouble hereafter.

How. Mr. MAYNARD—The Hon. Member says that the scheme proposed by the Hon. Member for Victoria District has quite demolished that of the Government. I should be glad to hear the Hon. Member for Lillooet point out the distinguishing differences between the two schemes.

How. Mr. HUMPHREY—The difference is apparent. I think that I have said enough to show this Council the advantages of the scheme proposed by my Hon. friend; if Hon. Members cannot see differences which are so plain, it is not for me to supply them with hints.

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